**ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP HỌC KÌ 1 MÔN TIẾNG ANH 9 ( HỆ 7 NĂM)**

**A.GRAMMAR :**

**1/ The past simple tense:**

* What did he do on the weekend ? 🡪 He went to see a movie.
* Where did they go last Sunday ? 🡪 They stayed at home.

 -S +was/ were./ S+wasn’t/ weren’t ./ Was/ Were + S ?.

 - S + V( V2/ Ved )/ S+ didn’t + V-inf./ Did + S + V-inf ?

**2/ The present Perfect :**

* How long have you known him ? 🡪 I have known him for 5 years./ since 1990.
* Have you seen her recently ?­--> No, I haven’t seen her since last week.

-S + have / has + P.P./ S + haven’t/ hasn’t +P.P./ Have/ Has + S + P. P ?

**3/ The passive voice : S + Be + P. P**

* Rice is grown in tropical country.
* Jean cloth was made completely from cotton in the 18 Th century.
* Five million bottles of champagne will be proceduced in France next year.
* The new market has been built in Bu Nho.
* English have to be improve in BuNho secondary School.

**4/ S+ Wish +S + were/ V(past).**

 **S + wish + S + Could/ should/ would/ might/ had to + V- inf.**

 - He wishes he were a doctor .

 - I wish I could drive a car .

 - They wish they visited The Sydney Opera house when they were in Australia.

**5/ Adverb clause of result : so, therefore**

* Hoa worked hard so she passed the exam.

**6/ Adverb clause of condition : if/ unless…**

* If you study hard , you will get good marks.

**7/ Adverb clause of time: when, as, since….**

* As van came to live on the farm, he has been learning a lot about life on the farm.

**8/ Adverb clause of reason ; because, as, since..**

* It is difficult for Hong Hoa to get access to the Internet because she lived in the country side.

9**/ Tag – question:**

* You don’t watch the news , do you ?
* They are students , aren’t they ?
* He stayed at home yesterday, didn’t he ?
* Mary can not swim, can she ?

2. Một số trường hợp đặc biệt

a. Với câu ***Let’s*** chúng ta dung ***shall we ở phần hỏi đuôi***

Let’s go to the cinema, shall we?

b. Với câu mệnh lệnh ta dùng Will you?

Open the windows, will you?

Don't talk, will you?

c. dùng ***they*** với các S là ***somebody/someone,anybody/ anyoneeverybody/everyone,nobody…***

Somebody came here yesterday, didn’t they?

d. Dùng ***it*** với các S là ***nothing,everything, something, anything***

Everything will be all right, won’t it?

e. Dùng ***aren’t I*** với ***I am***

I am always on time for class, aren’t I?

f. Dùng ***there*** với S là ***there***

There won’t be any problem,will there?

g. Dùng it thay cho This/ That

this is the last bus, isn't it?

h. Dùng They cho These/ those

Those are your books, aren’t they?

**10/ Reported speech :**

* “ I will go to hue tomorrow .” Nam said to me.

🡪 Nam said that he would go to Hue the following day.

* “How old are you ? “ The examiner asked lan.

🡪 The examiner asked Lan how old Lan was.

* “ Do you speak English ? “ a man asked her.
* 🡪 A man asked her if/ whether she spoke English.

**II Practice**

**Question I –PHONETICS**

***A. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently:***

1. A. flour B. four C. pour D. course

2. A.ceased B. decreased C. caused D. promised

3. A. carriage B. voyage C. massage D. dosage

4. A. beloved B. ploughed C. learned D. naked

5. A. breath B. mother C. father D. breathe

6. A. through B. author C clothes D.thumb

7. A. middle B. mile C. kind D. time

8. A. school B. scout C. sew D. sure

9. A. everything B. tooth C .theater D. they

10. A. marbles B. classes C. teaches D. changes.

***B. Pick out the word that stressed differntly from the others:***

1. A. communicate B. experience C. inspiration D. embroidery

2. A. banyan B. blanket C. exchange D. gather

3. A. decorate B. behave C. expect D. describe

4. A. realize B. product C. mechanic D. separate

5 A. comment B. garment C. cement D. even

**Question II. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR:**

***A. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D: 15 pts***

1. Listen to what I am saying, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. would you B. will you C. don’t you D. do you

2. People don’t like the way he shows off, \_\_\_\_\_\_?

 A. don’t they B. does he C. do they D. doesn’t he

3. Let’s wait for them here. I’m sure that they will \_\_\_\_\_soon.

 A. turn off B. turn up C. turn down D. turn over

4. I took someone else’s coat from the restaurant by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. one’s self B. mistake C. error D. hand

5. He is in a much\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ mood than usual.

A. best B. better C. good D. well

6. His father was working \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at his desk.

A. industry B. industrial C. industrious D. industriously

7. Last Sunday was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that we decided to go on a picnic.

A. so beautiful a day B. such beautiful a day

C. so beautiful day D. such a beautiful day

8. Living organisms contain more water \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ substance.

A. than do any other B. other than do they any

C. than any other D. does than any other

9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he loved her, he didn’t forgive her for what she had done.

A. Much as B. Because C. No matter D. However

10. - “Is it all right if I use your bike?” - “\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Sure, go ahead. B. Oh, forget it. C. I don’t care. D. I accept it.

11. That wasn’t a true story. He just ………it up.

 A. did B. made C. got D. put

12…………..happens, I’ll stand by you.

 A. whatever B. what C. which D.that

13. Our teacher asks us to write .......................compositions every other week.

 A. two- thousand – word B. two- thousands- word

 C. two – thousand – words D. two – thousands – words

14. It was .........that he couldn’t finish it alone.

 A. a so difficult work B. a so difficult job

 C. such a difficult job D. such a difficult work

15.“Are they good pianists ? ”

 “Malve’s a good pianist....................”

A. but Somsri isn’t too B . and Somsri is, too

 C. but Somsri isn’t either D . and Somsri is either.

***B.* *Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets:***

1.On Christmas Day, I often send my friends …………………….. cards.(GREET) 2. Paris is ………………...for the Eiffel Tower. (FAME)

3. He has been an active …………..……....in the contest. (PARTICIPATE)

4. Over 200 …………………..… entered the race . (COMPETE)

5. Her father soon died of a ………………….heart (BREAK)

6. Some of my …………………...……live in the countryside. (RELATE)

7. This knife needs …………………..(SHARP)

8. A fairy appeared and …………………..…changed her clothes. (MAGIC)

9. She gets angry if you ………………..…with her ideas. (AGREE)

10.Stamp …………………..…can be a very expensive hobby. (COLLECT)

***C. Supply the correct form of the verbs in brackets***

1.I've decided (stop) ……….smoking.

…………………………………………………………………………..

2. How many times …you ( be)…….. to London this year?

…………………………………………………………………………..

3.This house ( build) ….. three years ago.

…………………………………………………………………………..

4.We are tired of (work)…….. for low salary.

…………………………………………………………………………..

5. This is the second time you (break)……a cup.

…………………………………………………………………………..

6. He (break) his glasses when he (play) football.

…………………………………………………………………………..

7. I’ll wait until he (write) his next story.

…………………………………………………………………………..

8. He said he (be) sorry as he (give) me so much trouble.

…………………………………………………………………………..

**Question III. READING**

***A. Read the passage and use only one suitable word to fill in each gap***

 A pioneer in the field of telecommunications, Alexander Graham Bell, was (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in 1847 in Edinburgh, Scotland. He moved to Ontario, and then to the United States, setting in Boston, before beginning his career as an inventor. Throughout his life, Bell had been interested (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the education of deaf people. This interest led him to (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the microphone and, in 1867, his “electrical speech machine”, which we now call a (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. News of his invention quickly (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ throughout the country, even throughout Europe. By 1878, Bell had set up the first telephone exchange in New Haven, Connecticut. By 1884, long distance connections were (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between Boston, Massachusetts and New York City.

 Bell imagined great uses for his telephone, like the model from (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1920s, but would he ever have (8)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ telephone lines being used to transmit video images? Since his (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in 1922, the telecommunication industry has undergone an amazing revolution. Today, non-hearing people are able to use a special display telephone to communicate. Bell’s “electrical speech machine” paved the way (10) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the information superhighway.

***B.* Read the following passage and choose the best answer for each gap by circling it.**

Most people think of computer as very modern inventions, products of our new age. But actually the idea for a computer was (1)….out over two centuries ago by a man (2)…..Charles Babbage.

 Babbage was born in 1791 and ..(3)…up to be a brilliant mathematician. He drew up plans for several caculating machines (4)….he called “engines”. But dispite the fact that he (5) building some of these he never finished any of them.

 Over the year people have argued (6)……his machines would ever work. Recently, however the Science Museum in London has finished building (7) ……..engine (8)……..on one of Babbage’s designs.

 It has taken six years to complete and more (9)…..four thousand parts have been special made. Whether it worked or not, the machine wil be on show at a special exhibition in the Science Museum to (10)……..people of Babbage’s work.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1-A- invented | B.thought | C. turned | D.worked |
| 2-A-known | B.recognized | C.called | D.written |
| 3-A- grew  | B. developed | C.brought | D.expected |
| 4-A- there | B.who | C. which | D.whose |
| 5-A-wanted | B.made | C.started | D.missed |
| 6-A-until | B.whether | C.while | D.though |
| 7-A-the  | B.an | C.some | D.that  |
| 8-A-depended | B.based | C.insisted | D.influenced |
| 9-A-than | B.therefore | C.when | D.then |
| 10-A- encourage | B.say | C.inform | D. remind  |

**Question IV. WRITING:**

***A. Rewrite each sentence, beginning as shown, so that the meaning stays the same:***

1-“I may go to the movies with Mai tomorow.”

⇒Peter said ………………………………………………………………………………..

2-“I love these sunflowers.”

⇒Miss Nga said ……………………………………………………

3- “We are doing the exercises now.”

⇒They said ………………………………………………………………………………..

4- “Is your school near here?”

⇒I asked Minh ………………………………………………..

5- “Do you like classical music ?”

⇒He asked Lan …………………………………………………..

6-“Will you go with me ?”

⇒She asked Ba …………………………………………………

7-“Can you play video games ?”

⇒Peter asked me ………………………………………………..

8- “Are you a new student?”

⇒ She asked me …………………………………………………..

9.I live in a big city (I don’t like it).

I wish…………………………………………………………

10.I can’t go to the party (and I like it ).

I wish……………………………………………………

11. “How old are you ?”

⇒The teacher asked Hoa ……………………………………………

12- “What are you doing now ?”

⇒Mary asked me ……………………………………………..

13-“Which grade are you in ?”

⇒He asked Nga ………………………………………………………………..

11.Hoa moved to live here in 2009

-> Hoa has………………………………

12. “Did you have lunch with my mother yesterday ?”

-> He asked Mai…………………

13.Where did he use to be sent ?

-> Where did his father ………………………………

14.I started learning English in 1996.

 -> I have………………………………………

15. “Will you go to my house to meet my mother tomorrow morning?”

->He asked me………….

16.We stayed at home because It rained hard

-> Because of………………………………………..

17. 1.He often played the piano at night.

-> He used……………………………………………….

**Question V. Each sentence below contains an error. Underline it and write the correct answer in the space provided. (10 pts)**

1. The men told the children didn’t play too noisily.

2. The company has been opened in 1999.

3. Mary asked me how did I go to school every day.

4. The amount of the money they took from the bank were very little.

5. I am going to have my car to repair in the garage.

6. He asked me if I had got there last week.

7. It is said that there will be a shortage for electricity in the season

8. Would you please stop to make so much noise?

9. My house broke into last night, but nothing was stolen

10. The room was very quite when they got there.The children went to bed.